Table 15. PAD District 3 - Daily Average Supply and Disposition of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, March 2022 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

Commodity	Supply						Disposition			
	Field Production	Biofuels Plant Net Production	Refinery and Blender Net Production	Imports (PADD of Entry) ¹	Net Receipts ²	Adjust- ments ³	Stock Change ⁴	Refinery and Blender Net Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied ⁵
Crude Oil ⁶	8,283			1,293	1,102	850	-318	8,673	3,172	0
Hydrocarbon Gas Liquids	3,492	0	441	_	939		91	359	1,970	2,452
Natural Gas Liquids		Ö	246	_	922		96	359	1,970	2,234
Ethane			5	_	574		-9		336	1,836
Propane	1,040		158	_	284		28		1,302	152
Normal Butane	225	_	89	_	126		43	91	325	-19
Isobutane	314	-	-6	_	18		2	138	5	182
Natural Gasoline	329	0		_	-80		32	130	2	83
Refinery Olefins			196	_	17		-6			218
Ethylene			0	_	_		0			C
Propylene			213	_	17		-4			233
Normal Butylene			-17	_	_		-2			-15
Isobutylene			-1	_	_		0			-1
Other Liquids		89		435	-1,804	8	-45	-1,811	459	125
Hydrogen/Biofuels/Other Hydrocarbons		89		3	150	178	16	292	65	46
Hydrogen				_		124		124		C
Biofuels (including Fuel Ethanol)		89		3	150	53	16	167	65	46
Fuel Ethanol		21		_	155	53	15	149	65	C
Biofuels (excluding Fuel Ethanol)		68		3	-5		1	18	0	46
Other Hydrocarbons				0	_	0	_	_	_	0
Unfinished Oils				410	27		-6	11	353	79
Motor Gasoline Blend.Comp. (MGBC)		_		23	-1,982	-170	-55	-2,114	40	0
Reformulated		-		_	-308	98	46	-256	0	0
Conventional Aviation Gasoline Blend. Comp				23	-1,674 -	-268 	-101 0	-1,859 1	40	0
							_			
Finished Petroleum Products		0	7,292	268	-1,435	116	44		2,686	3,511
Finished Motor Gasoline		0	2,193	_	-91	116	-9		832	1,396
Reformulated		_	448	_	_	-78	_		_	370
Conventional		0	1,744	_	-91	195	-9		832	1,026
Finished Aviation Gasoline			11	-	-1		1		_	9
Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel		_	755	_	-470		-5		151	139
Kerosene		_	0	_	-1		1		6	-6
Distillate Fuel Oil		0	2,950	4	-905		40		1,089	920
15 ppm sulfur and under		0	2,750	_	-875		20		926	929
Greater than 15 ppm to 500 ppm sulfur		0	99	_	-3		12		80	4
Greater than 500 ppm sulfur		_	101	4	-27		8		83	-14
Residual Fuel Oil			106	203	28		50		76	211
Less than 0.31 percent sulfur			29	_	2		1		NA	N/
0.31 to 1.00 percent sulfur			41	_	15		21		NA	N.A
Greater than 1.00 percent sulfur			36	203	11		27		NA	NA 200
Petrochemical Feedstocks			194	8	1		-5			209
Naphtha for Petro. Feed. Use			119	7	1		-9			135
Other Oils for Petro. Feed. Use			76	1	1		4			74
Special Naphthas			36	18	-1		0		_	53
Lubricants			138	32	-18		-24		80	96
Waxes			5	3	_		-1		1	5
Petroleum Coke			433		31		-23		444	46
Marketable			332	3	31		-23		444	-55
Catalyst			101		 7				 7	101
Asphalt and Road Oil			85	_	-7		19		7	52
Still Gas Miscellaneous Products			337 50				 1		 1	337 48
	44			4 655				-		
Total	11,775	89	7,733	1,996	-1,198	974	-228	7,221	8,287	6,088

⁼ Not Applicable

⁼ No Data Reported = Not Available.

Represents the PAD District in which the material entered the United States and not necessarily where the crude oil or product is processed and/or consumed.

Net receipts equal gross receipts minus gross shipments by pipeline, tanker, and barge. Receipts and shipments by rail are included for crude oil, propane, normal butane, isobutane, propylene, ethanol, biodiesel, marketable petroleum coke, and asphalt and road oil.

Includes an adjustment for crude oil, previously referred to as 'Unaccounted For Crude Oil.' Also included is an adjustment for hydrogen, motor gasoline blending components, and fuel ethanol. See Appendix B,

Note 2C for a detailed explanation of these adjustments.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase in stocks. Stock change for crude oil excludes lease stocks beginning with January 2005 (see explanatory notes). Product supplied is equal to field production, plus biofuels plant net production, plus refinery and blender net production, plus imports, plus adjustments, minus stock change, minus refinery and blender net inputs, minus exports.

Includes value for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. See Table 25 for the breakout of Commercial Crude Oil.

Includes biodiesel, renewable diesel fuel, renewable heating oil, renewable jet fuel, renewable aphtha and gasoline, and other biofuels and biointermediates.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Domestic crude oil field production are estimates.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Forms EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report," EIA-812, "Monthly Product Pipeline Report," EIA-813, "Monthly Crude Oil Report," EIA-814, "Monthly Imports Report," EIA-815, "Monthly Bulk Terminal Report," EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," EIA-817, "Monthly Tanker and Barge Movements Report," and EIA-819, "Monthly Report of Biofuels, Fuels from Non-Biogenic Wastes, Fuel Oxygenates, Isooctane, and Isooctene." Domestic crude oil field production estimates based on Form EIA-914, "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report," and EIA-8194. "Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, from State conservation agencies, U.S. Department of Interior, and the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management. Export data from the Ú.S. Census Bureau and EIA estimates. Rail net receipts estimates based on EIA analysis of data from the Surface Transportation Board and other information.